

## "Climax" Advertising Rates.

## Line Schedule.

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE LINE RATES charged for advertising in the LOS ANGELES "CLIMAX":

**SMALL CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS** ("Wanted," "For Sale," etc.), 5 cents per line for each insertion, or \$1.00 per line per month, payable at the counter.

**BY THE MONTH.**

DISPLAYED ADVERTISEMENTS, in preferred or fixed positions (fifth or eighth pages), 5 cents per nonpareil line for each insertion. Same taking run of the paper (desired), 25 cents per nonpareil line for each insertion. Higher rates for shorter periods. (One inch contains 12 nonpareil lines; one column, 20 nonpareil lines.)

**READING NOTICES.** In leading nonpareil, per line, each insertion, 15 cents. Professional cards, per square, 25 cents. For each insertion. Marriages and deaths, free. Funeral notices, 15 cents per line.

**MIRROR ADVERTISING RATES.** Transcripts, per square (six lines), per week, \$1.00. Regulars, per square, per month, \$1.50. Professional cards, per line, per month, 25 cents. Leading notices, nonpareil, each insertion, per line, 15 cents.

Address Telephone No. 20

THE TIMES-HERALD COMPANY.

Times Building.

N. E. cor. First and Post sts. Los Angeles, Cal.

## Amusements.

## GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

J. A. WYATT, Lessee and Manager.

Week Beginning Monday, Oct. 29th.

EXTRAORDINARY DRAMATIC EVENT.

Manager Wyatt takes pleasure in announcing an engagement with two of the most eminent leading actors of the American stage, the most versatile actor living.

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## Special Notices.

## NOTICE TO LADIES.

NOTICE TO LADIES. MRS. S. C. S. has removed to 10 N. Spring street, where she has just opened her elegant hair-dressing, shampooing, manicure and massage parlor. With an elegant staff of human hair and artificial hair, and all the latest and most complete machinery for the complete hair. MRS. S. C. S. is a native of the city and has been in the hair business for over 20 years. Telephone 114.

## EXCELSION STEAM LAUNDRY.

EXCELSION STEAM LAUNDRY. 114 N. Spring street. Telephone 114. Open from 10 a.m. to 10 p.m.

## NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS. ANY kind of building to be done on any lot in the city of Los Angeles, California, must be done in accordance with the provisions of the city ordinance. The city engineer will not issue a permit for any building until the plans have been approved by the city engineer. The city engineer will not issue a permit for any building until the plans have been approved by the city engineer.

## VISIT THE STECKEL GALLERY.

VISIT THE STECKEL GALLERY. 114 N. Spring street. Telephone 114. Open from 10 a.m. to 10 p.m.

## Wanted-Situations.

Wanted-Situations. Many a good situation has been obtained by the expenditure of 25 cents in this column.

## WANTED-SITUATION AS BAKER.

WANTED-SITUATION AS BAKER. In the country, where there is a good chance of advancement. Address: J. A. WYATT, 114 N. Spring street, Los Angeles, Cal.

## WANTED-BY A WIDOW, POSITION.

WANTED-BY A WIDOW, POSITION. A widow, 40 years of age, with a good education, and a good character, desires a position as a bookkeeper or a clerk. Address: J. A. WYATT, 114 N. Spring street, Los Angeles, Cal.

## WANTED-TO PLUMBERS.

WANTED-TO PLUMBERS. A plumber, 30 years of age, with a good education, and a good character, desires a position as a plumber or a clerk. Address: J. A. WYATT, 114 N. Spring street, Los Angeles, Cal.

## WANTED-BY A YOUNG LADY.

WANTED-BY A YOUNG LADY. A young lady, 20 years of age, with a good education, and a good character, desires a position as a bookkeeper or a clerk. Address: J. A. WYATT, 114 N. Spring street, Los Angeles, Cal.

## WANTED-SITUATION IN A GROCERY.

WANTED-SITUATION IN A GROCERY. A young man, 20 years of age, with a good education, and a good character, desires a position as a bookkeeper or a clerk. Address: J. A. WYATT, 114 N. Spring street, Los Angeles, Cal.

## WANTED-YOUNG MAN DESIRES.

WANTED-YOUNG MAN DESIRES. A young man, 20 years of age, with a good education, and a good character, desires a position as a bookkeeper or a clerk. Address: J. A. WYATT, 114 N. Spring street, Los Angeles, Cal.

## WANTED-SITUATION AS COOK.

WANTED-SITUATION AS COOK. A young man, 20 years of age, with a good education, and a good character, desires a position as a bookkeeper or a clerk. Address: J. A. WYATT, 114 N. Spring street, Los Angeles, Cal.

## WANTED-SITUATION BY AN EX-

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## WANTED-BY A DRESSMAKER.

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## Business Opportunities.

## A. C. STEVENS &amp; CO., 10 W. FIRST.

A. C. STEVENS & CO., 10 W. FIRST. 1000 sq. ft. of land, with a good building, and a good character, desires a position as a bookkeeper or a clerk. Address: J. A. WYATT, 114 N. Spring street, Los Angeles, Cal.

## FOR SALE-A RESTAURANT.

FOR SALE-A RESTAURANT. A young man, 20 years of age, with a good education, and a good character, desires a position as a bookkeeper or a clerk. Address: J. A. WYATT, 114 N. Spring street, Los Angeles, Cal.

## FOR SALE-AT MONROVIA.

FOR SALE-AT MONROVIA. A young man, 20 years of age, with a good education, and a good character, desires a position as a bookkeeper or a clerk. Address: J. A. WYATT, 114 N. Spring street, Los Angeles, Cal.

## BUSINESS CHANCE FOR SALE.

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## FOR SALE-A GOOD PAYING FRUIT.

FOR SALE-A GOOD PAYING FRUIT. A young man, 20 years of age, with a good education, and a good character, desires a position as a bookkeeper or a clerk. Address: J. A. WYATT, 114 N. Spring street, Los Angeles, Cal.

## FOR SALE-FIRST-CLASS AND

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## FOR SALE-WINE HOUSE OF

FOR SALE-WINE HOUSE OF. A young man, 20 years of age, with a good education, and a good character, desires a position as a bookkeeper or a clerk. Address: J. A. WYATT, 114 N. Spring street, Los Angeles, Cal.

## FOR SALE-SNAP BARGAIN.

FOR SALE-SNAP BARGAIN. A young man, 20 years of age, with a good education, and a good character, desires a position as a bookkeeper or a clerk. Address: J. A. WYATT, 114 N. Spring street, Los Angeles, Cal.

## A BEAUTIFUL FIVE-ROOM HOUSE.

A BEAUTIFUL FIVE-ROOM HOUSE. A young man, 20 years of age, with a good education, and a good character, desires a position as a bookkeeper or a clerk. Address: J. A. WYATT, 114 N. Spring street, Los Angeles, Cal.

## 100 HOUSES. NEW LIST. MOD-

100 HOUSES. NEW LIST. MOD-. A young man, 20 years of age, with a good education, and a good character, desires a position as a bookkeeper or a clerk. Address: J. A. WYATT, 114 N. Spring street, Los Angeles, Cal.

## FOR SALE-30 HOUSES, ANY SIZE OR

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## For Exchange.

For Exchange. A young man, 20 years of age, with a good education, and a good character, desires a position as a bookkeeper or a clerk. Address: J. A. WYATT, 114 N. Spring street, Los Angeles, Cal.

## FOR EXCHANGE OR SALE-HOUSE

FOR EXCHANGE OR SALE-HOUSE. A young man, 20 years of age, with a good education, and a good character, desires a position as a bookkeeper or a clerk. Address: J. A. WYATT, 114 N. Spring street, Los Angeles, Cal.

## FOR EXCHANGE-1000 ACRES OF

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## FOR EXCHANGE-1000 ACRES OF

FOR EXCHANGE-1000 ACRES OF. A young man, 20 years of



## VERONA AGAIN.

SHE WANTS ATTORNEY O. E. MASON DISBARRED.

Synopsis of a Voluminous Complaint Filed Yesterday—The Diabolism of a Practitioner as Set Forth by a Love-Lorn Maiden.

Fanny Verona Baldwin-Adams filed yesterday afternoon in the County Clerk's office a petition in the Superior Court of Los Angeles county, department No. 3, for the disbarment of O. E. Mason, an attorney-at-law. The petition is in the handwriting of the accused, and is neatly and carefully written. It is very voluminous, making 14 large folio pages and containing over 3500 words.

She alleges substantially that O. E. Mason on February 20, 1888, agreed to conduct a lawsuit for her against

RICHARD GARVEY for \$50,000 damages. He filed a complaint in the case on February 25th, and on the same date filed a written agreement to act as her attorney. He agreed to conduct her suit on the contingency of its success.

Subsequently he introduced her to a party by the name of Rose, and represented to her that he was a son of Senator L. J. Rose, who formerly lived at the San Gabriel Mission. He recommended this Rose as a respectable business man, and said the latter had volunteered to name said son as Los Angeles as her business in the suit against Garvey. She has since become aware that Rose was not a desirable acquaintance, and to the contrary, the fact that he had been seen talking to her will cause her great difficulty in getting bonds, as he has the reputation of being dissipated and untrustworthy. She knew at the time that Rose was an undesirable acquaintance for her, and she believes he introduced him solely to injure her interests in her suit against Garvey, and that Mason was bribed by the latter.

Subsequently to February 25th she gave Mason memoranda and made recitals of a complaint, which she intended to file in the Supreme Court as soon as the course of human events permit, against

ELIAS JACKSON BALDWIN.

Mason then agreed to conduct the latter case for her, and pledged his word of honor as an attorney to keep silent about the matter until the complaint was filed. He agreed to file the complaint within one week after the papers were introduced to him.

Mason then endeavored to exact a promise from her that she would marry him in the event of her becoming free from the embarrassment of her present husband, and refused with scorn and indignation when he apologized and promised never to repeat the offer.

He subsequently wrote to her, pretending that an interview was necessary, as it was essential to the progress of her lawsuit, and invited her to call on him at his office. He then tried to get her to go to a house of ill-fame, and there make money by prostitution, and divide it with him and a partner. He threatened that if she did not marry him or get money by prostitution, he would cause her to lose her suit against Garvey, and that he himself would cause such suit to be thrown out by default. He would also use every endeavor to prevent her from filing her complaint against K. J. Baldwin, and would make every effort to cause her personal interests if she did not consent to such proposals and inducements, made by him to her.

That if she informed about the threats he had made he would traduce her and injure her character, and vex and humiliate her in every possible way.

It is made her sick. These threats against her personal rights and moral and social safety so alarmed and frightened her that her nerves were prostrated from the shock. She became ill from congestive crisis, and her life was threatened by a congestive pneumonia of the brain consequent on the frightful indignation that such felonious threats aroused in her mind.

She refused all such repulsive proposals. Thereupon Mason tried to have her suit against Garvey thrown out by default, and would have gone by default if she had not acted promptly and got an extension of time to file an amended complaint therein.

Mason had intended her that it was necessary for her to swear to her complaint against Garvey. This she did not want to do, but proposed instead to rely on a verdict on the sworn testimony of witnesses; for the reason that it is a self-evident fact that many accusations which are absolutely true are not always proven by a verdict of a jury.

Millionaires and Villains are constantly weaving snares around her to prevent her acquiring the finances necessary to life and safety, and the accused would rather have filed the complaint without swearing to it. But Mason positively asserted that the lawsuit could not be begun without her swearing, and he caused her to swear to an amended complaint, and was on his face untrue. She refused to do so, and then pretended that he had misunderstood her conversation when he drew it up.

Nevertheless, he wanted her to swear to it, and objected to her reading it, and entreated her to let him read it, and to let him bewilder her into swearing to it. While all this was going on he grabbed from her hands a letter of hers and read it without her consent. He did this last in Garvey's interests.

Mason also caused to be published in the Evening Telegram a warped schedule and account of her alleged insanity, and caused her name to be placed in the columns of the same. He told other parties, and caused to be known by publication, that he was preparing a complaint against Baldwin, which proclamation retarded the progress of her suit and caused her

LIFE AND MORAL SAFETY to become endangered, thereby disturbing her peace of mind and endangering her health. When she found he was working in the interests of Garvey against her, she asked his leave to substitute another attorney he published in a paper false and libelous statements against her, for the purpose of intimidating other attorneys, and thereby rendering it impossible for her to secure their aid.

And when, nevertheless, she did get other attorneys, then it was extremely difficult for her to get his signature to the order for substitution. He finally got her to do so, and got rid of him. Mason had caused her humiliation and vexation in every possible way ever since her refusal to comply with his indecent and repulsive proposals.

O'MELVENY TO THE RESCUE. She requested the Hon. Judge of Department No. 3 not to allow any pity for Mason to prevent an investigation. He is just as able to do household or hard toil as she is. He has made every endeavor to prevent her studying or practicing law, or any other profession requiring skill instead of manual strength. He has also made every endeavor to prevent her marriage with a gentleman who is qualified to cherish, support and protect her.

Her intellectual education are certainly as good as Mason's, except in the technicalities of the civil law of State government. She will, if the technicality of law and so nominal a "good society permit," assume her right to advance in education and scientific knowledge and secure a position in life. It is a compulsory for either herself or Mason to devolve in insanity, let it be him that must conduct such obnoxious traffic, to whom it is preferable.

While instituting these proceedings the accused entertains

NO MALICE AGAINST MASON. Her sole purpose is to determine whether a woman can be defamed and crushed, socially and politically, by a man who is not fit for her to wipe her feet on, simply because he, with others, possesses the right to the ballot, which justly belongs to both sexes.

Wherefore the accused prays that Mason may be cited by law, cause why his name should not be stricken from the roll of attorneys.

The complaint is signed by FANNY VERONA BALDWIN, Attorney in proper person, And sworn to, November 2d, before F. B. Fanning, Deputy County Clerk.

## A LAND DEAL.

Court Commissioner Baxter's Report on the Philbin Tract.

A suit having been begun in the Superior Court by John W. Green against J. Marion Brooks and others, Judge Hutton on the 24 day of August, 1888, appointed Edwin Baxter Court Commissioner to take an accounting from J. Marion Brooks of the moneys received and the lands remaining unsold in the Philbin tract, in which Green, Brooks and Thomas J. Cuddy were jointly interested.

The court propounded the following question on which the Commissioner was requested to report:

1. The amount of moneys paid out by defendant Brooks in the matter of the purchase and sale of said land, the subdivision and improvement thereof, and proper to be charged against the parties.

2. The amount of such proper charge for which the defendant Brooks is still liable, and the nature and character thereof.

3. The amount of moneys received by defendant Brooks.

4. The amount of moneys remaining unsold in the Philbin tract, either conveyed or contracted to be sold.

5. The amount of land sold and conveyed, and under what description thereof.

6. The amount of land not yet conveyed, but contracted to be sold, and general description thereof.

7. The quality, unsold, and description and present value thereof.

8. The probable amount of the total net profits of the joint venture.

The report of the Commissioner, dated October 3d and filed October 31st, reads as follows:

In the Superior Court of the County of Los Angeles, State of California:

John W. Green, plaintiff, vs. J. Marion Brooks et al., defendants.

The undersigned, Edwin Baxter, Court Commissioner of Los Angeles county, respectfully reports as follows:

That in pursuance of the order of this court, copy of which is annexed, he has had the parties and their witnesses before him, and has taken testimony and other evidence, which is set forth in full, and with the documents, statements, exhibits and other matters referred to hereunder.

That as directed by said order he has found the facts and states the accounts as follows:

I. The amount of money paid out by defendant J. Marion Brooks, in the matter of the purchase and sale of said land, and the subdivision and improvement thereof.

Mason then endeavored to exact a promise from her that she would marry him in the event of her becoming free from the embarrassment of her present husband, and refused with scorn and indignation when he apologized and promised never to repeat the offer.

He subsequently wrote to her, pretending that an interview was necessary, as it was essential to the progress of her lawsuit, and invited her to call on him at his office. He then tried to get her to go to a house of ill-fame, and there make money by prostitution, and divide it with him and a partner. He threatened that if she did not marry him or get money by prostitution, he would cause her to lose her suit against Garvey, and that he himself would cause such suit to be thrown out by default. He would also use every endeavor to prevent her from filing her complaint against K. J. Baldwin, and would make every effort to cause her personal interests if she did not consent to such proposals and inducements, made by him to her.

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It is made her sick. These threats against her personal rights and moral and social safety so alarmed and frightened her that her nerves were prostrated from the shock. She became ill from congestive crisis, and her life was threatened by a congestive pneumonia of the brain consequent on the frightful indignation that such felonious threats aroused in her mind.

She refused all such repulsive proposals. Thereupon Mason tried to have her suit against Garvey thrown out by default, and would have gone by default if she had not acted promptly and got an extension of time to file an amended complaint therein.

Mason had intended her that it was necessary for her to swear to her complaint against Garvey. This she did not want to do, but proposed instead to rely on a verdict on the sworn testimony of witnesses; for the reason that it is a self-evident fact that many accusations which are absolutely true are not always proven by a verdict of a jury.

Millionaires and Villains are constantly weaving snares around her to prevent her acquiring the finances necessary to life and safety, and the accused would rather have filed the complaint without swearing to it. But Mason positively asserted that the lawsuit could not be begun without her swearing, and he caused her to swear to an amended complaint, and was on his face untrue. She refused to do so, and then pretended that he had misunderstood her conversation when he drew it up.

Nevertheless, he wanted her to swear to it, and objected to her reading it, and entreated her to let him read it, and to let him bewilder her into swearing to it. While all this was going on he grabbed from her hands a letter of hers and read it without her consent. He did this last in Garvey's interests.

Mason also caused to be published in the Evening Telegram a warped schedule and account of her alleged insanity, and caused her name to be placed in the columns of the same. He told other parties, and caused to be known by publication, that he was preparing a complaint against Baldwin, which proclamation retarded the progress of her suit and caused her

LIFE AND MORAL SAFETY to become endangered, thereby disturbing her peace of mind and endangering her health. When she found he was working in the interests of Garvey against her, she asked his leave to substitute another attorney he published in a paper false and libelous statements against her, for the purpose of intimidating other attorneys, and thereby rendering it impossible for her to secure their aid.

And when, nevertheless, she did get other attorneys, then it was extremely difficult for her to get his signature to the order for substitution. He finally got her to do so, and got rid of him. Mason had caused her humiliation and vexation in every possible way ever since her refusal to comply with his indecent and repulsive proposals.

O'MELVENY TO THE RESCUE. She requested the Hon. Judge of Department No. 3 not to allow any pity for Mason to prevent an investigation. He is just as able to do household or hard toil as she is. He has made every endeavor to prevent her studying or practicing law, or any other profession requiring skill instead of manual strength. He has also made every endeavor to prevent her marriage with a gentleman who is qualified to cherish, support and protect her.

Her intellectual education are certainly as good as Mason's, except in the technicalities of the civil law of State government. She will, if the technicality of law and so nominal a "good society permit," assume her right to advance in education and scientific knowledge and secure a position in life. It is a compulsory for either herself or Mason to devolve in insanity, let it be him that must conduct such obnoxious traffic, to whom it is preferable.

While instituting these proceedings the accused entertains

NO MALICE AGAINST MASON. Her sole purpose is to determine whether a woman can be defamed and crushed, socially and politically, by a man who is not fit for her to wipe her feet on, simply because he, with others, possesses the right to the ballot, which justly belongs to both sexes.

Wherefore the accused prays that Mason may be cited by law, cause why his name should not be stricken from the roll of attorneys.

The complaint is signed by FANNY VERONA BALDWIN, Attorney in proper person, And sworn to, November 2d, before F. B. Fanning, Deputy County Clerk.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

## UNKNOWN SUICIDE.

He Took Strichnine and Lay Down in a Grove.

Yesterday afternoon about 3 o'clock, as John McLean, a broker, residing on Pico Heights, was driving past Chapin's Grove, about three and a half miles from the city, between Pico and Washington streets, he noticed the body of a man lying in the grove. Thinking that the man was only drunk, he went over to him and shook him, when he discovered that he was dead. By his side was an empty bottle, and a short distance further off was an 8-ounce glass labeled strichnine, and about half empty. The case was evidently a suicide, the man having gone into the grove, slipped up a number of boxes on one side, as if to protect him from the wind, took the poison and laid down, probably thinking that the effect of the poison was the same as that of morphine. He had evidently died in great agony, as the ground around him showed signs of a hard struggle, and he had kicked quite a hole in the earth at his feet.

Coroner Meredith was notified and went out to the place where the body was found. A number of men converged at the spot, and the inquest was held on the ground. Only two witnesses were examined—Mr. McLean, who found the body, and Edwin Chapin, the minister at Rosedale, who saw the deceased when he went into the grove Thursday afternoon, which was the last seen of him alive.

The report of the coroner, dated November 1st, is as follows: The body of an unknown man, aged about 35 years, came to his death on the 1st of November from an overdose of strichnine. The body was found in a grove, and the inquest was held on the ground. Only two witnesses were examined—Mr. McLean, who found the body, and Edwin Chapin, the minister at Rosedale, who saw the deceased when he went into the grove Thursday afternoon, which was the last seen of him alive.

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## THE COURTS.

A Number of Criminal Arraignments and Pleas.

UNITED STATES COURTS—DEPARTMENT OF COMMISSIONER VAN DYKE.

James O'Reilly was held in \$250 bail for examination November 24th on the charge of cutting timber on Government land near Acton.

George Wilson was committed in default of \$250 bail to answer charge of selling liquor to Indians near San Bernardino.

JUDGE CHENEY'S COURT.

Scott Hooker and Henry Wicks pleaded not guilty to assault to murder; trials to be set on Wednesday.

## TERMS OF THE TIMES.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR.

PRINTED BY THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.  
 DAILY AND SUNDAY, PER ANNUM, \$2.00.  
 DAILY AND SUNDAY, PER MONTH, .25.  
 BY MAIL, POST PAID, .25.  
 DAILY AND SUNDAY, PER QUARTER, .75.  
 DAILY AND SUNDAY, PER YEAR, 2.00.  
 SUNDAY, PER YEAR, 2.00.  
 WEEKLY, PER YEAR, 2.00.

THE TIMES is the only first-class morning newspaper published in Los Angeles, giving the exclusive right to publish here the telegraphic "night report" of the Associated Press, the greatest news-gathering organization in the world. Our news franchise is for a long time of years.

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RESPONSES received from all quarters. Time for notices and news given the preference. (See page 1.) Advertisements only, when placed, and send name for the private information of the Editor.

THE TIMES-MIRROR TELEPHONES.  
 Business Office, No. 29.  
 Editorial Room, No. 29.  
 Times-Mirror Printing House, No. 453.

Address THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY, TIMES BUILDING, N. E. cor. First and Fort sts., Los Angeles, Cal.  
 Entered at Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

## The Times

BY THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.  
 H. G. OTIS,  
 President and General Manager.  
 C. C. ALLEN, Vice-President and Bus. Manager.  
 W. A. SPALDING, Secretary.

Vol. XIV. No. 151  
 "Protection to American Industries and Homes."

"Tippecanoe  
 AND  
 Morton, too!"

## NATIONAL REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS

For President, HARRISON, OF INDIANA.  
 For Vice-President, MORTON, OF NEW YORK.

Down, Free Trade, Pension Voters and Bandana.  
 REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Presidential Electors:  
 At Large, J. H. BARNES.  
 District I, J. H. BARNES.  
 District II, J. H. BARNES.  
 District III, J. H. BARNES.  
 District IV, J. H. BARNES.  
 District V, J. H. BARNES.  
 District VI, J. H. BARNES.

Supreme Court Nominations.  
 For Chief Justice, WM. H. BRATTON.  
 For Associate Justices, J. D. WORKS.

CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.  
 For Representative in Congress, DISTRICT VI, GEN. WM. VANDEVER.

COUNTY TICKET.  
 For State Senator, DISTRICT XXXI, J. E. MCCOMAS.  
 For Assemblyman, DISTRICT LXXVI, JOHN W. PRIERLY.  
 For County Recorder, DISTRICT LXXVII, JOHN W. PRIERLY.  
 For Public Administrator, DISTRICT LXXVIII, JOHN W. PRIERLY.  
 For District Attorney, DISTRICT LXXIX, JOHN W. PRIERLY.  
 For County Coroner, DISTRICT LXXX, JOHN W. PRIERLY.  
 For County Surveyor, DISTRICT LXXXI, JOHN W. PRIERLY.

County Nominations.  
 For Sheriff, MARTIN G. AGUIRRE.  
 For County Treasurer, CHAS. H. DUNSMITH.  
 For County Auditor, JOHN W. PRIERLY.  
 For County Assessor, JOHN W. PRIERLY.  
 For Public Administrator, JOHN W. PRIERLY.  
 For District Attorney, JOHN W. PRIERLY.  
 For County Coroner, JOHN W. PRIERLY.  
 For County Surveyor, JOHN W. PRIERLY.

City and Township Nominations.  
 For City Justice, H. C. LUSTIN.  
 For Township Justice, THEODORE SAVAGE.  
 For Constable, H. S. CLEMENT.

ELECTION RETURNS.  
 All friends of THE TIMES throughout the county are invited and requested to aid us in obtaining early and accurate election returns, by placing themselves in connection with this office, either by telephone or telegraph, as soon as they have reliable figures to communicate. The earlier dispatches should be given, giving the result on President and Congressmen. Later, and the vote for each nominee of the several parties, avoiding duplication. The telephone number of THE TIMES editorial room is 674.

KEEP on your undergarments, Grover; it'll be cooler soon. March is usually anything but tepid, and you will yet be forced to take a Buffalo hide.

The reception accorded to Hon. Thomas B. Reed of Maine by the Republicans of Los Angeles last night was a great tribute to a strong man. He deserved it.

AFTER election Mr. Murchison may expect "calls" from every dime-museum in the world. Wouldn't he create a "surplus" in their bank account though?

If those Democrats who complain of the noise created by the TIMES roosters in our back yard will only be patient for a few days, all will be well. They are simply rehearsing for next Wednesday's jubilee, which is to be a regular "screecher."

There is no mistaking the feelings of the Los Angeles Republicans to ward their representative in Congress, Gen. Vandever. His reception at the magnificent mass meeting of last night proved that he is admired, loved and trusted by this people. He will be triumphantly elected.

The telegraph informs us that a big batch of lying Democratic pamphlets are on the way from Indiana, to be distributed on this coast among workmen for the purpose of attempting to influence their minds against Gen. Harrison. Pacific Coast workmen are intelligent and alert, and will not be caught with any such chaff.

GEN. ALGER of Michigan, who was recently with Mr. Blaine in Indiana, says: "I believe the Republicans are going to carry every State in the North. In the light of what we at present know, I do not see how the Democrats can carry any one of the doubtful States. Such enthusiasm as we saw in Indiana was amazing."

## LAST NIGHT'S GREAT MEETING.

The Republican gathering last night was undoubtedly, both in point of numbers and enthusiasm, the greatest rally of the campaign in Southern California. Gen. Vandever made a magnificent speech, which went straight to the hearts of his audience, who, by their warm-hearted greeting, showed that they appreciated the services rendered by the veteran statesman to Southern California. The speech of that brilliant orator, Hon. Thomas B. Reed, the Republican leader of the House, was, as might have been expected, an oratorical treat, and not only that, but a rare collection of brilliant ideas, fittingly clothed in striking language and enlivened by frequent sallies of keen wit. Full reports of both speeches will be found in this issue.

## The County Treasury.

With the immense growth of this county in wealth during the past few years, the office of County Treasurer has become a very important one.

The candidates before the voters of Los Angeles for the office are Hon. Jabez Banbury, Republican, and Col. E. E. Hewitt, Democrat. We shall not now compare the characters of these two men. Suffice it to say that Col. Banbury enjoys a reputation in law, not even his opponents can pick a flaw. He has not, that we are aware, a personal enemy in the country. His personal ability is of a high order, and his integrity unquestioned. He stands upon a good platform, a platform which declares, among other things:

"That we pledge ourselves to an honest administration of affairs, frowning alike upon bosses, rings, cliques and cabals in the party, or in the party of the opposition."

Moreover—and here is the most important distinction between the claims of the two candidates on the voters—Col. Banbury has distinctly pledged himself, if elected, to deposit the county funds in all the solid banks of the city and county proportionately, and favoring none. Mr. Hewitt, on the other hand, has carefully abstained from pledging himself to a similar course, although several times invited to do so.

There is a general feeling among Los Angeles voters—a feeling which is by no means confined to the adherents of one party—that it is no longer fair or fitting that one banking institution should be practically the County Treasurer, enjoying, without charge, the handling of vast sums of the taxpayers' money. The present holder of such power naturally wields great influence, and will make a determined effort to elect his man. We say "his man" advisedly, for, as above mentioned, Mr. Hewitt has refused all solicitations to follow the straightforward course of Col. Banbury. It is true that, in a card which he publishes in the papers, the Democratic candidate says:

"I will deposit such moneys in the First National Bank, Farmers' and Merchants' Bank, Los Angeles County Bank, Southern California National Bank, Children's Safe Deposit Bank, Los Angeles County Bank and such other banking establishments of the county as may be found desirable and secure."

But the intelligent reader will at once observe that this may be translated to mean practically no change from the present condition of affairs. Under this promise, there is nothing to prevent Mr. Hewitt from depositing 99 per cent of the county's funds in the Farmers' and Merchants' Bank and the remaining one per cent, equally among the other banks. As Mr. Hewitt persistently refuses to follow Col. Banbury's manly course and say that he will not do this—or to affirm that he will make the deposits proportionately among the banks, according to their capital—voters are perfectly justified in taking it for granted that, in case of Hewitt's election, there will be very little serious change made in the present conduct of the Treasurer's office, and, as a large majority of the voters are strongly in favor of a change, it is probable that many Democratic tax-paying citizens will vote for Col. Banbury.

On the other hand, the stake at issue being large, and the stakeholders wealthy, it is fair to assume—indeed it has been openly stated by Democratic politicians—that a supreme effort, backed by metallic arguments, will be made to elect the Democratic County Treasurer, even at the expense of the rest of the ticket.

Let the solid citizens, irrespective of party, pull together, and such effort as that indicated will be in vain. We believe that the best interests of Los Angeles county demand that Col. Banbury shall be elected Treasurer.

Vandever for Congress.

During the next four years Southern California will have important interests to be attended to in Washington. If we grow at anything like the pace which has marked our recent progress, we shall need and be entitled to a good deal from Uncle Sam.

Such being the case, it is very important that we should be represented at the national capital by a man who has not only the will, but the power to further the interests of the American Land of Destiny. A merchant, in selecting an agent to push his business abroad, is careful to choose a man who possesses not only native ability and integrity, but also an acquaintanceship with the field he covers—a "knowledge of the ropes," in short. A representative in the House of Congress fits, to a great extent, a similar position to that of the trusted agent of a large mercantile establishment, and, in choosing a man for such a position, self interest should direct us to look beyond party ties, and select a man who can do us good service.

Judged by this, as well as by every other legitimate standard, we opine that no good citizen who is interested in the prosperity and progress of Southern California can afford to hesitate between the two candidates for Congress from the Sixth District. It is a well-recognized fact that it takes a member of Congress the greater part of his first

## term to become acquainted with the technicalities of his sphere of usefulness; that, however able and industrious he may be, his power for good is limited, until he "knows the ropes."

Gen. Vandever has this knowledge. The next will be his third term in Congress. Moreover, he has been tried, and not found wanting. He is able, conscientious and untiring in the interests of his constituents. Without reflecting, in any degree, upon the character of his youthful opponent, we can safely say that Reel B. Terry is, in point of ability and adaptation to the office which he seeks, by no means the equal of Gen. Vandever, besides which he has had no previous experience at Washington, and his power for good would consequently be very limited. He is, in short, a baby by the side of a full-grown man, legislatively speaking.

Gen. Vandever is the man for Southern California—Vandever, able and honest; tried and true. He should be elected. We believe he will be—by a large majority.

## An Able Auditor.

Still other examples of Supervisor Venable's accurate business methods are coming to light. THE TIMES is informed by a reputable business man that upon a certain occasion, some months ago, he had a bill before the Board of Supervisors for the sum of \$6.90, and in approving it Mr. Venable wrote upon the back ninety dollars and some odd cents. The blunder was rectified by the holder of the warrant himself calling attention to it. On two other occasions an employé of the county had his monthly warrant made out for \$100 instead of \$50, the amount of his monthly stipend. "Vulnerable Venable" is an excellent man—to be elected to stay at home. See to it, honest farmers, that he "gets there."

SUPERVISOR VENABLE, in the columns of the Herald, claims that he saved the county money by getting those maps done at less than surveyors bid for them. Yes; but those bids were for real maps, which would have served the county for many years to come; whereas the work done was done after a patchwork style, and superficially, by unskilled hands, paid poor wages, and their services charged to the county at full rates. The work will soon have to be done over again. Meantime, where has the difference of \$1 to \$2.50 per day gone? As to the other financial discrepancies to which we called attention, Mr. Venable maintains a discreet silence. Let there be a full investigation, and the charges of THE TIMES will be thoroughly established.

WHAT has become of the petition for the establishment of that much-needed branch postoffice "at the old stand"? It seems that a protest has been sent to Washington against granting the petition. This, which, of course, emanates from owners of property in the neighborhood of the new location, seems to us to be the supremacy of gall. Not contented with having the main office removed a mile from the center of the city, they actually want to prevent the business population of Los Angeles from securing a branch inside the business quarter. Cheeky as this request is, it is quite possible that our remarkable Postoffice Department may pay heed to it, unless our business men are on the alert.

THE Trombone yesterday gave prominence to an absurd story to the effect that, in case the Republicans carry the Union, Blaine will be substituted for Harrison by the electors! Hell! We may expect such lies to be circulated by the Democrats just before election, but one would scarcely expect a so-called Republican paper to take an active part in disseminating them. This story is of the same stripe as the yarn circulated just after Harrison's nomination, to the effect that Blaine was to be Secretary of State, "sure."

## AMUSEMENTS.

AT THE OPERA-HOUSE.—Hamlet.—It is to be deplored that the present company did not confine themselves entirely to the lighter plays, with which they are fully able to cope, but it is the inevitable ambition of every actor to play Hamlet, and play he will in spite of nature. That Mr. James' "Hamlet" is bad, would be to say too much, and to call it good, would be to overpraise, and indeed, so good an actor that the individual points are well done, the lines well rendered, and the rendition careful, but the dreamer, the man of thought, driven by his reason, and his reason, this man is utterly absent. Mr. James' Hamlet is but a poor, shallow, worldly one, almost bluff and almost brutal. It is but just to say that his rendition is his own, and has no resemblance to others, but to play Hamlet is not within the nature of Mr. James' art, excellent as it is.

Maria Wainwright as "Opheia" is sweet, innocent and pure, and speaks them, and ever, but her conception is colorless, and she draws out the mad scene to a length that may delight the sensation-seekers, but can be only deplored as inartistic.

Mr. Landson as "Polonius" dropped back again into mediocrity, and gave a commonplace old man, not even faintly humorous.

At the matinee the School for Scandal will be given, and tonight Virginia.

## THE STRIKE.

Matters Amicably Adjusted.—The Men at Work.

The strikers congregated about the Santa Fé depot yesterday and talked matters over in a quiet way, but they did not make any demonstrations, and seemed to be perfectly satisfied that everything would work out all right.

Yesterday afternoon, General Manager McCool, Col. Williamson Dunn and several other prominent officers of the Santa Fé met in San Bernardino and talked the situation over with a committee from the strikers.

They did not come to an understanding at that time. There was but one man at work in the yards during the day, and the freight trains were at a standstill all day, for the reason that proper crews could not be had on such short notice.

The passenger trains pulled out as usual. The strikers claim that the passenger brakemen are scabs, as they do not belong to the Brakemen's Union and are not in sympathy with the strikers.

Last night General Freight Agent H. B. Wilkins received a dispatch from General Manager McCool, saying that the strike is off, and that the men had agreed to go to work at 2 o'clock last night.

Mr. Wilkins soon put things under headway, and all freight trains were put under way last night.

## DEPUTY MARSHALS.

Marshal Risley Drills His Awkward Squad.

A mixed-looking crowd of 74 men assembled in the United States Court room last evening to be sworn in as deputy marshals for the coming election. Marshal Risley called the roll, and an roll-call met every name was responded to.

Marshal Risley then made a very good clean-cut address, defining the duties and responsibilities of the new appointees. They go on duty this morning, and their duties before election day will consist in inspecting the registry lists and spotting all fraudulent voters in their respective precincts, that they may challenge them on election day.

On election day they will first vote wherever they belong and then report at once at the precinct to which they may be assigned. There it will be their duty to act with the marshal in counting the 100-ballot area around the polls clear from obstructions by idlers or any except those about to vote. They will challenge any wrongful voters, and if any one is caught, they can only be made by them at the order of the marshal.

All arrested parties will be promptly brought to the United States Court, where Commissioners Van Dyke and Owens and Mayor Hall will remain all day. The night till the ballots are counted. The marshals are authorized to arrest any one, no matter whom, at the dictation of the supervisors, but can make arrests on their own hook in cases of disorder.

The marshals, having been once sworn, are not to be impeded or fined for refusing to do their duty. They must stay at the polls from election morning till the ballots are counted.

On election day the marshals must under no circumstances solicit votes, nor must they go from one precinct to another. He knew that it was unnecessary to remind them that they were to be impartial, and he acted like the gentlemen he knew them to be. Any marshal caught tippy toeing in this respect is liable to be fined. The marshals are to get \$5 per diem, and their time can not exceed five days. They are not to be arrested or impeded, and they must stay at the polls from election morning till the ballots are counted.

Thomas B. Hayes, Chief Deputy Marshal, will be around on election day in his buggy and oversee everything.

## TOOK CARBOLIC ACID.

A Mistake That Cost a Man His Life.

This morning about 12:30 o'clock a telephone message was received at the police station from Horne & Abel's drug store, at the corner of Downey avenue and Truman street, East Los Angeles, asking for the Coroner, saying that there was a dead man at the store, and they were very much alarmed. It was ascertained that the dead man's name was Robert Alfou, and that he lived on Temple street. He came into the drug store about 8 o'clock last evening for some medicine, and took a big dose of carbolic acid, and died about midnight. The case will be investigated today.

## Robbed of the Books.

Last night about 11 o'clock a man called at the police station and reported a singular case. He said that he had been employed by Mr. McCarthy, the real-estate agent, to take charge of the books of J. German, the croaker at the corner of Fort and Fourth streets, who, he said, had recently failed in business, and he had been left with the books. Last night when he left the store and started home he took the books with him, and he was walking along the street, and he was behind him, and snatching the books, started off on a run. He gave chase, when he was caught, and he was told that the books, and ran to his house, where his wife was waiting for him, and went into the house and locked the door. He wanted an order to break in, but he was told that this could not be done, and he would probably swear out a warrant for German this morning.

## Disappeared.

Word was brought to the police station yesterday that Mrs. Minnie Hayes had disappeared from her home on Adams street, near Hoover, taking with her from \$400 to \$500. Mrs. Hayes is 40 years of age, of American birth, 5 feet 3 or 4 inches in height, slim built, weighing from 100 to 110 pounds, with blonde hair, brown eyes, and independent, and was dressed in dark clothes when last seen. She has a scar on her right cheek. Twenty dollars reward is offered for her, and the reward will be paid when she is brought back, and she can neither read nor write.

## Only a Local Strike.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 2.—The trouble of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé Company with its brakemen and conductors in Southern California has not extended to the main overland line. The offices here remain open, and tickets are sold and freight trains are running as usual. It is believed that the trouble was merely a local matter, and did not believe that it would extend further.

## The Wrecked Makah.

PORTLAND (Or.), Nov. 2.—A Tillamook mail-carrier and two other men from Tillamook, interviewed this morning, say that the barkentine Makah lies in the breakers about 10 miles from the shore, and is in a bad way. The bark is strewn with lumber. No signs of life are seen anywhere. The belief is that the deck load of lumber shifted when off Cape Flattery, that the crew took to the boats and were probably picked up by some Liverpool-bound vessel.

## A Chicagoan Arrested for Perjury.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—Robert Fowler, a well-known Board of Trade member, and president of the Anglo-American Packing and Provision Company, was held for the Grand Jury today on a charge of perjury. The charge grows out of a damage suit, in which plaintiff obtained judgment against defendant for \$7000, and the jury awarded \$7000. Fowler claimed that the latter had been succeeded by a new company, and therefore was not liable. Subsequently in another proceeding he swore that the property always belonged to Fowler Bros.

## The Boston Ordered to Haver.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The Navy Department today received information that the cruiser Boston had arrived at Kingston, Jamaica. Orders were therefore sent to her commander to proceed at once to Port au Prince to protect American interests in Hayti. She is expected to arrive in about 15 hours. Orders to the Kearsage to proceed there have been revoked.

## Affairs in Mexico.

CITY OF MEXICO, Nov. 2.—President Diaz, accompanied by his cabinet, arrived at San Luis Potosi.

A dispatch from Morelia, says the Government is impressing men for military services.

It is rumored that there are difficulties in the State of Jalisco. The Fourth Cavalry has been ordered there in the greatest haste.

## San Jose Notes.

SAN JOSE, Nov. 2.—The Board of Trade this evening adopted a resolution requesting the supervisors to grant the petition for a franchise for a standard gauge railroad between San Jose and the coast. A committee has been appointed to take charge of the scheme to bore for natural gas.

Washed Overboard and Drowned. SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 2.—The British ship Riverside arrived in port this afternoon, 135 days from New York. She experienced very rough weather on the way, and during the storm two men were washed overboard and drowned.

Failed to "groove." PORTLAND (Or.), Nov. 2.—The jury in the case of Ben King, charged with complicity in the \$10,000 robbery from the Northern Pacific Express Company, failed to agree and were discharged tonight.

## THE DOUBLE BALLOTS.

Foul Democratic Conspiracy in Indiana.

Discovery of a Plot to Stuff the Ballot-boxes for Cleveland.

The Whole Scheme in the Possession of the Republicans.

The Democratic Chairman's Finesse Drifted—Cleveland Also Unearthed, in Chicago—Fraudulent Naturalization Paper by the Wholesaler—Arrests to Be Made.

By Telegram to THE TIMES.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 2.—[By the Associated Press.] Chairman Huston, of the Republican State Central Committee, in his letter to Chairman Jewett, of the Democratic Committee, yesterday suggested that election inspectors be required to place a small rubber band around each ballot as it was received, this band not to be removed until the ballots are taken from the box. This, it was thought, would preclude the possibility of any person depositing more than one ballot. Chairman Jewett replied as follows:

"I do not believe such an agreement can be carried out over the entire State at this late day, and I am sure no agreement will make an effect a legal ballot voted in disregard of it. Nevertheless, as such arrangement may in some degree convince to a fair election, if you will put your idea in the form of a recommendation to inspectors, I will cheerfully sign it."

On receipt of this reply, Chairman Huston, acting upon the suggestion contained in Chairman Jewett's letter, submitted an agreement officially signed for approval and signature of Chairman Jewett. To this Mr. Jewett replied substantially:

"I said in my letter this morning that the scheme was impracticable at this late day, and since then have learned that there are not half enough inspectors in the kind named in the State of Indiana, and I am therefore fully convinced it is impracticable to get bands and have them distributed and fully understood, by election day. Besides, it has been suggested to me that any manipulation of the ticket by an inspector, aside from taking it from the hands of the voter and placing it in the box, would be regarded as a great distrust by our voters, who are unused to any such proceeding. A much better arrangement would be for the voter to put a band on the ballot himself, and the same results would thereby be accomplished."

To this Chairman Huston acquiesced, returning the agreement with the amendment embodied, and stating that he would undertake to furnish all the rubber bands required, the expenses to be shared by the committees. The correspondence abruptly closed here. The messenger that carried Huston's agreement to the Democratic headquarters returned with a statement that Chairman Jewett said he had nothing more to say.

## A FOUL PLOT EXPOSED.

The character and outcome of the correspondence is a most interesting one, and is being tonight in political circles. Chairman Huston, when asked tonight by an Associated Press correspondent whether there were any special reasons of general interest that led him to propose the rubber-band plan, and the suggestion of inspectors to secure its adoption, said that there were very urgent and important reasons, and furnished the following written statement:

"Yesterday we learned from a man who had been taken into the scheme by Democrats, that the rubber band was to be used by them all over the State. This man was taken into a room, where he and several other men from different counties were instructed in the art of voting double tickets. They were told to fold and iron smooth a number of ballots the night before election. One of more of these ballots were to be placed in the box, and the rest were to be slipped into the folds of a lawful ballot, and this ballot was to be held with the finger, fastened on the side of the ballot, opposite the outside fold, so that no one could see that there were other ballots inside the lawful ballot. The Democratic inspectors were to be instructed to take the ballot between the fingers in the same way and deposit it in the box quickly. Once inside the box, the lawful ballot would spring open and the other ballots would drop out of its folds, especially when the box was shaken, or the ballots stirred by the hand of the inspector in counting. The informant disclosed the scheme, and he was given instructions, but we are not ready to make it known to the public. I regret to say that he is an Indiana man, and holds pretty high. These men were also instructed to have these tickets voted by electors who might be bought on election day by Democrats, but the whole purpose of the scheme was abandoned temporarily for fear the Republicans might water voters too closely to permit a successful operation of the plan, and the whole matter was dropped. The instructions were to get the better class of Democrats to cast these ballots, for they would be liable to be watched closely by the Republicans. These instructions have been given to parties all over the State, and in order to encourage them, they were told that the same plan was to be operated in New York. I have accordingly advised our friends in New York to be on their guard."

The balance of the statement pertains of the nature of party instructions regarding the subject.

## CHAIRMAN JEWETT'S STATEMENT.

At a late hour an Associated Press correspondent from Chicago, who was at a hotel and showed him Chairman Huston's statement, Mr. Jewett talked freely about the proposed agreement submitted by Chairman Huston, and gave his reasons for not signing it. He said that the agreement of the corresponding he said down and wrote the following statement:

"There are many reasons for which the agreement should not be made, and one very good one way it would be entirely futile. First, the agreement would be incapable of fulfillment for the reason that it would fail to get into the hands of the electors. Second, the plan was to be operated in New York, and in order to encourage them, they were told that the same plan was to be operated in New York. I have accordingly advised our friends in New York to be on their guard."

## A MURDER LITIGATION.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—William J. Hamond of Pittsburgh began suit in the Superior Court today against Francis E. Hiney for \$65,000. The suit grows out of the alleged breach of a contract, made about a year ago, in which the wife of the late Aurora gold mine, in Idaho county, Cal.

## Tascott Captured.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—According to a dispatch from Lexington, Va., tonight, Tascott, the murderer of Millionaire Shell, has been captured, this time in the northern portion of Amherst county, Va. The man, it is claimed, answers the description of Tascott perfectly.

## Accident at San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 2.—Lung Kang, a Chinaman, while attempting to board a freight train at San Fernando tunnel this morning, fell between the cars and half the train passed over him, crushing his left side from the shoulder to the ankle. His injuries are fatal.

## Young Irishmen Arrested.

SAN JOSE, Nov. 2.—William and John O'Shaunessy, aged 12 and 13, have been arrested on their confession that they set fire to Keeve's large hay warehouse last Thursday night.

## Jahiri's Tariff.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—The United States Consul at Tahiti reports to the State Department that the new tariff for the island has been revised, which action renews the old 13-per-cent tariff.

Settling in the Texas Way. YOAKUM (Tex.), Nov. 2.—Fayette Berry and John Hanks yesterday had a difficulty over a settlement of accounts. Berry shot Hanks in the back with a revolver, killing the latter.

## MORE CROOKEDNESS.

Startling Naturalization Frauds Unearthed in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2.—[By the Associated Press.] It is claimed that startling frauds have been uncovered in connection with the naturalization of a large number of Italians in the Cook county courts during the past two months. Attorney Underwood, who has been investigating the matter, swore out, late this afternoon, 31 warrants for perjury against one William Walker. Mr. Underwood said to a reporter this evening that he was employed by the Republican County Central Committee to look into the matter, but that he had prosecuted regardless of party interests. Attention was attracted to the matter first by information that Walker was swearing in nearly all the Italians who endeavored to take out papers. Mr. Underwood says an investigation has shown that not only has Walker sworn in Italians not entitled to naturalization, but also that fictitious names have been used. Out of the 31 newly-created citizens named in the warrants sworn out today, the investigators have been able to locate only 10, and he has lived here only one year. The other 20 were not known by the addresses given by them in court.

## STATE POLITICS.

Big Rally at Santa Ana.—Hon. William Williams Speaks. SANTA ANA, Nov. 2.—[Special.] Hon. William Williams addressed the largest meeting ever held in the Santa Ana Valley tonight. Anticipating the main points of the speech to be made tomorrow evening, by Stephen M. White, Mr. Williams laid some arguments before the people that that gentleman will have some difficulty in answering.

Mr. Williams is an eloquent and logical speaker, and fully 5000 people stood for over two hours listening to his flow of arguments, and it is confidently believed that his speech has increased Harrison's majority here 100.

## SULFAR'S REGISTRATION.

HANFORD, Nov. 2.—The county has 7387 voters registered, an increase of 1083 over last election.

## A DEM

## ISSUES OF THE DAY.

## Sherman Doing Grand Work in Indiana.

## Blaine Makes Two More Strong Speeches in Connecticut.

## The President Makes Another Frantic Bid for the Irish Vote.

A Kansas Jack Rabbit at a Luck Get to Go. Harrison—Beware of the Captains of Gen. Bushnell's Democratic Alliances—Other News.

## By Telegram to the Times.

HARRISON (Ind.), Nov. 2.—[By the Associated Press.] Senator John Sherman made his second speech of the campaign in Indiana, at this place this afternoon. A steady rain began falling in the early morning and made the prospect of a good meeting rather dismal, but the people came through rain and mud until the crowd numbered in the neighborhood of 10,000, the parade in the rain lasted about an hour, and the speaker, Senator Sherman, was enthusiastically cheered when he arose to speak. He said:

"When I was traveling over the State of Ohio recently I was occasionally asked about Indiana, and now since I have been in Indiana I will be able to answer more accurately than I could have done, although I believed that the people of Indiana were loyal and brave and true, and would never turn their backs upon their most eminent citizen, when he had been designated by the Republican party as its candidate for Chief Magistrate of this Union. But I have no longer any doubt about Indiana. What are the topics of the day? The Republican party for 34 years so administered the affairs of this Government under the leadership of such men as Lincoln and Grant that our Nation was held higher than any empire or kingdom in the world. [Cheers.] Why was it then that four years ago the people turned their backs upon the Republican party? First of all, the accusations made four years ago that the Republican party was accumulating vast sums of money in the treasury; that it was hoarding it there and keeping it out of the channels of circulation; they said that if they came into power they would distribute this money among the people to contribute to their comfort and success. That had more influence in Indiana than anything else. They promised civil-service reform, economic administration and reduction of taxes. Has any Indiana received any portion of the money that was to be distributed? [Laughter.] On the contrary, I have the last official report by the Treasury Department, signed by the Democratic Treasurer of the United States, elaborating on the condition of the treasury and the reason of the surplus. Senator Sherman went on to say that the surplus could have been avoided had the Democratic Administration utilized the money for the redemption of bonds. But it failed to do so until both houses of Congress gave it the power it already possessed. He then said:

## FINANCIAL POLICIES CONTRASTED.

"Any hard-pressed Democrat here I want him to take this home with him. They took six millions of your money out of the treasury of the United States and scattered it around among the various banks without interest and with the promise that it should not be drawn again. What excuse did they give? They said that the Republicans did it too; that John Sherman did it, and they made a big fuss about it. [Laughter.] I never did that thing at all; never; nor did any Republican Treasurer do it. [Applause.] What we did was this: When this national bank was organized, we said that we would make them public depositories of commercial agents of the people to collect the interest on revenue tax and the Government in sales of bonds. Whenever a citizen of Indiana wanted to pay the tax on whisky, on beer, or any other tax, or when a citizen desired to purchase bonds, he might go to any national bank and get a certificate of deposit and send it to the Treasury Department and the Government would accept that as money, and leave the money in the hands of the banks, that was deposited by the individual, until it was wanted in the public treasury. For many years there was in this way from \$7,000,000 to \$15,000,000 deposited, not by the banks, but by the Treasury, and by private citizens as a matter of convenience. This deposit never exceeded \$15,000,000. They say, too, that John Sherman had at one time \$100,000,000 in national banks. Let us see about that. When we were refunding the public debt, when I was called upon to raise money to pay \$600,000 of 4 per cent bonds with which to pay for \$600,000 of 6 per cent bonds, then we made these banks depositories, and we said if a citizen wanted to buy any of these 4 per cent bonds, he might deposit the money with the banks. Then we left the money in the banks for 90 days, and why? Because, under the law, we could not take that money to the payment of 6 per cent bonds until we had given 90 days' notice to the holders. As a matter of fact, we left it with the banks for that time. During that time we sold \$600,000 of 4 per cent bonds and we paid for \$600,000 of 6 per cent bonds, and while this was going on this money was left with the banks, so that it would not be withdrawn in circulation; but the very moment the 90 days were out that money was withdrawn from these banks and paid for the 6 per cent bonds and the surplus was not ended. When our Democratic friends say the Republicans did those things, I most respectfully and in the plainest language say they are greatly mistaken. I have shown you that this pretense of the Democracy was absolutely unfounded, while on the other hand our Democratic friends conducted with such marvelous success in the Republican administration as to excite the wonder and surprise of Gladstone and Disraeli, and the promise of the United States to pay \$1000 is worth more in the market than the promise of the Emperor of Germany or the Czar of Russia, or the King of Britain itself. [Applause.] In regard to the charge of rascality: If you can tell me of a single Republican who was turned out of office for that crime, I will give him \$100,000. [Applause.] It is one of our proudest boasts that when the Government passed from our hands, there was not a single man in office, from the smallest postmaster to the Secretary of the Treasury, that was charged with peculation or defalcation. [Applause.] It is likely that our Democratic friends Harrison comes in on the 4th of next March so good showing will be made by the Democratic party."

## PENSION VOTES.

"What have the voices gained by Cleveland's election? [A voice, 'Veto!'] Think of the big fat man sitting there in his luxurious upholstered chair and going into the details of \$12 or \$15 pension bills which Congress had passed, to see if he could not find a flaw. It is enough to sicken me, and I don't want to dwell on it. [Applause.] You people, Democrats and Republicans alike, fought bravely for the flag, and you have no sympathy for any such poppy-cock work." [Laughter and cheers.]

## Senator Sherman next spoke of the committee which framed the Mills Bill, saying: "It was appointed by an open free-trader, Speaker Carlisle, and contained six southern brigadiers who, with two Democrats of the North, entered into a secret conclave and formed the Mills

Bill. As soon as it was reported, northern Democrats began to squall. The Connecticut man said: 'If you don't restore the duty on worsted yarns there will be no Democratic Congressman from Connecticut.' The man from New Jersey said the same of pottery, and so they let word screws and potteries alone. Here and there they patched up their bill so as to suit a few northern Democrats, but whenever the bill affects the district represented by Republicans they struck ruthlessly and recklessly. The policy of protection is a benefit to the farmer, directly guarding him against Canadian and other importations of farm products, and in protecting him against the importation of Australian and South American wool. But this policy, he has no market for 92 per cent of all his farm products. The farmers are not the only people who are benefited. Whatever tends to produce general prosperity is beneficial to all classes. The laboring people are the citizens most directly benefited by this system. Take it away and you bring our laboring man in sharp competition with the laborers of Europe, where they get scarcely enough to support life. Some Democrats say it makes no difference in wages that is a great error. They say the reduction would fall upon the manufacturer. This is a great error. If the manufacturer finds he cannot make money, he can go out of business or change his business. You cannot throw the burden upon him. The burden falls upon the laborer, which is 90 per cent of nearly every production."

## THE WEST LETTERS.

"The question is between American interests and English interests, as was only recently shown by the remarkably friendly letter of our friend, Mr. Sackville-West. [Laughter.] I think the meaneast act of this Administration was to turn its back upon its friend. It was a cowardly act. If it came out in favor of me, although I am a party, but as I never would have turned my back upon him, but would have fought it out on that line if it took all summer. [Laughter.] This Administration has not only secured the endorsement of the rebels of the South, and the free-trade element of the South, and the Mugwumps, but has the endorsement of the British Minister. [Applause.] Indiana has been greatly honored by the nomination of its most eminent citizen for President of the United States. It is a high honor to one of thirty-eight sister States. I appeal to you, then, not only as Republicans, but as Democrats, not merely as belonging to a party, but as men belonging to a great and honored State, to remember the obligation you owe to this eminent citizen and gallant soldier who has been named for President of the United States, Gen. Benjamin Harrison." [Great cheering.]

## CONNECTICUT'S CAMPAIGN.

Blaine Makes Two More Speeches in the Nutmeg State.

NEW HAVEN (Conn.), Nov. 2.—[By the Associated Press.] Blaine arrived this afternoon and spoke briefly to an audience of 3500. He referred to protection by reminding the Republicans of Connecticut that if they did not protect themselves they must not expect other portions of the country to do it for them. He referred to the deposit of money in national banks by Secretary Fairchild, and touched slightly upon the Sackville incident. After the speech he left for Derby.

At Derby, Mr. Blaine and party were escorted to the residence of Thomas Wallace, where lunch was served. The party was then driven to the trotting park, where 10,000 persons had gathered, and gave Blaine an enthusiastic reception. Blaine spoke substantially as follows:

## "FELLOW CITIZENS: If you allow the protective law to be broken down and destroyed when you think it will be put back again? Do you think you can vote for the free-trade party for fun, and have some one else maintain the protective principle for you? If you will put Gen. Harrison in the Presidential chair I will guarantee that the protective tariff will not be disturbed. They are opposing us in every way and manner, fair and unfair. While in the West, and in the interview with the Honorable General Dickinson, in which he described New England as selfishly hanging to the body policy of protection, and giving back nothing. He described us as an unpatriotic people who had not done as much to suppress the rebellion as Missouri and Kentucky. I had to say something about him, but he replied, describing the laboring man of New England as in the last stages of starvation. He said that in Fall River there were 1000 men and families, and they could not earn more than 40 or 50 cents a day for the whole family; that occasionally a family had a little pork to eat; that they did not have five pounds of beef a year; that they lived mostly on bread, and sometimes were obliged to go to bed without anything to eat. I do not mean this to ridicule Mr. Dickinson; but it is that stuff and stuff like that is all through the West and Southwest. The arguments against the tariff are malicious. They represent New England as having two classes, one class rolling in wealth and another class bordering on starvation. This mode of speaking of the results of protection and of describing New England is a libel on one of the most illustrious and one of the most industrious and one of the most deserving sections of the Union. The question pressed upon you today is: Are you willing to trust the whole question, my friends, to a question of wages, and being a question of wages, the votes of the men who earn wages can decide this question. This is the worst Democratic trick since the English have places on every hill-top. I have lived in New England many years and seen very few of them. As a matter of fact, people are comfortably well off. It is in your hands, and always has been in your hands, to make and maintain the laws of the country. All the millionaires from the Atlantic to the Pacific cannot offset the votes of the workmen of this valley. [Applause.] You have it in your power to hold public opinion stronger than they can. You can argue the matter for yourselves, and if the Republican party seems to you to be the party who are comfortably well off, or the farmers and workmen in the factories, the Republican party seems to you to be the party who are comfortably well off. It was made of such men, Cleveland did not have the Senate in his hands, and has not been able to stir one hair of the protective tariff."

## "The Democrats say, 'Did not the Republicans predict all sorts of disaster if the Democrats got in, and don't you see we have had nothing to do with that. Why, we are having good times because the Democrats have been guarded by the Republican Senate.' The President and members of the House from the South have stood for free trade, and the struggle is now whether to restore the tariff or to let the Democrats have full swing. Will you reinforce the Senate for protection or the House for free trade? Connecticut shall give her electoral vote to Harrison and Morton, who may rest secure in the belief that the business of the country will go on as it has for a quarter of a century in peace and prosperity. But if Connecticut allows her vote to favor free trade, then you will have abundant leisure, in your competition with the ill-paid labor of Europe, to calculate just how much you have made out of it."

## At the conclusion of his speech, Mr. Blaine left for New York.

## GENERAL CAMPAIGN NEWS.

## Harrison's Present for Luck—The Country Attack on Bushnell.

## INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 2.—[By the Associated Press.] Warm and continuous rain fell here throughout the day, making it one of the gloomiest and most disagreeable days of the campaign. Gen. Harrison passed the time at his home. The General was the recipient of an unique gift in the shape of a big jack rabbit, which came by express from Washington, Kan. The box was covered on three sides with American flags, while the top was hidden by express tags and stamps put on by express agents, with their greetings to the General. Accompanying the box was a letter from three youthful donors, which reads as follows: "Gen. Harrison: We are little boys, only 11, 8 and 6 years old, and can't vote for

you, but we want you elected, and we send you a rabbit for luck. It is said that getting a rabbit's foot is a sign of good luck. Somebody sent Mr. Cleveland a rabbit's foot in 1884 and he was elected. If the paw of a common rabbit would elect him, we hope a whole lot better than you are. It is like to eat apples and cabbage and corn, and will drink milk as well as water. (Signed) "GUY RECTOR," "ROY RECTOR," "MARLEY RECTOR."

## THE ATTACK ON GEN. BUSHNELL.

SPRINGFIELD (O.), Nov. 2.—The murderous assault made last night on Gen. A. S. Bushnell has been the all-absorbing topic of conversation today. The General's condition has changed little during the day. His injuries are not considered fatal, but his surgeons have enforced absolute quiet and freedom from excitement. It is feared that his face will be badly disfigured. Gov. Foraker and many others called during the day to inquire as to the General's condition, and a message of sympathy was received from Gen. Harrison. Mrs. Bushnell returned a reply of thanks and expressed the hope that her husband would be able to get out and vote for Gen. Harrison next Tuesday. The Republican Central Committee has offered a reward of \$500 for the arrest and conviction of the persons engaged in the assault, and the city and county have each offered \$1000 reward.

## CLEVELAND RISES TO DEFEND.

BUFFALO, Nov. 2.—An evening paper today printed an affidavit alleging that Grover Cleveland once said that he would not run upon a ticket with any Irishman, particularly an Irish Roman Catholic. At a meeting here tonight presided over by James Mooney, ex-president of the Irish National League, he read the following dispatch received in response to a telegram which had been sent to the President by his friend Wilson B. Bissel: "I am much surprised that, at this late day, any person in Buffalo should make the accusation you quote, or that any newspaper publisher should give currency to such a lie, which was promptly denied when first started some years ago, and the utter absurdity of the charge is evident by the support of my Irish friends in the canvass twice pending. I emphatically deny the allegation contained in the affidavit you mention, because I never said anything of the kind at my home, and because I cannot forbear expressing my amazement that such reckless mendacity should be added to the basest ingratitude of the President." (Signed) "GROVER CLEVELAND."

## POSTOFFICE CLERKS MAY VOTE.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—Acting Postmaster-General Knott today issued the following order in answer to inquiries: "While election day is being observed, no postal employees are to be employed in the post offices throughout the United States, as such observance would interfere too seriously with the postal service and public convenience. The clerks are to be instructed, however, to so arrange the public business of their respective offices on that day as to give full opportunity to the employees in their offices to exercise the right of suffrage as American citizens."

## A REPLY TO POWDERLY.

COLUMBUS (O.), Nov. 2.—W. T. Lewis, Master Workman of the National District Assembly, composed entirely of miners, has issued a lengthy and carefully considered reply to the article in the Cincinnati Enquirer, published last night, in which the Enquirer's editorial, "The Miners' Powderly," was published. Lewis intimates that the miners have already quietly left the city.

## A WOMAN RESOLVED TO VOTE.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—Cynthia Leonard, the female candidate for Mayor, has obtained an order to show cause why she should not be allowed to vote. The inspectors allowed her to register, but threaten to prevent her from voting.

## AN ELECTION QUESTION.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—Judge Barrett has refused to grant a mandamus requiring inspectors of election to keep the polls open after 4 p.m. on election day to receive votes in overcrowded districts.

## THE WHALERS' SAFE.

The Arctic Fleet Escapes from Its Prison of Ice. SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 2.—[By the Associated Press.] The steam whaler Thresher arrived from the Arctic this afternoon and brought information that the 13 whalers, with their crews, about 500 men, which were caught in the ice pack of last September, are safe. The Thresher is one of the vessels that started on a relief expedition as soon as news of the distress of the other whalers was brought to Oulashka. The Thresher could not get near the endangered vessels on account of the ice, but on October 24, after the vessels had been imprisoned nine days, a gale sprang up and the ice began to break. The whaling captains took this opportunity to release their vessels, and in a day or two all were safely out of the ice and on their way to the whaling rendezvous.

## National Jockey Club Races.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—Good weather and a dusty track were the conditions for racing here today. Mile—Telle Dos won in 1:44, King Crab second, Judge Murray third. Two-mile—One and one-eighth miles—Bronzomate won in 1:56, Bradford second, Boaz third. One and one-quarter miles—Budge won in 2:14, Barnstern second, Marauder third. New-eighths of a mile—Pasha won in 1:31, Thriftless second, Bellwether third. Sixteenth—Hercules won in 3:48, Brae-Ban second, Killarney third.

## Determined to Die.

SAN DIEGO, Nov. 2.—Mrs. Alexander Lucy, who came from Phoenix, Ariz., to San Diego last July, attempted suicide by taking chloral last night in her room at the Times-Picayune Hotel. A lady friend discovered her condition and called for Dr. Y. and saved her life. Among her effects was found a note in which she stated she was tired of life and wanted to die. It was found that she had been suffering from some other means to the support of her domestic trouble was the cause.

## A Youthful Forger.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 2.—Yesterday, upon balancing bank accounts, the Bodman tobacco warehouse found a forged check for \$5000 on each of three banks. The checks in each case were endorsed by Charles Tinkler, collector for the warehouse, who received the money. Tinkler is only 19 years old and left about the last of September. His employers think he was the dupe of experienced criminals. The boy is missing.

## Arrested Again for Forgery.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 2.—W. H. Trotter, the straw bonanza convicted of perjury in Judge Murphy's court, but who was lately granted a new trial, was arrested this morning on another indictment filed by the Grand Jury charging him with perjury.

## Tobacco Warehouse Burned.

LYNCHBURG (Va.), Nov. 2.—A disastrous fire occurred last night, burning Mooreman's immense tobacco warehouse, and a large portion of the whole block besides. The loss is supposed to be very great.

## Yellow Fever.

LIVE OAK (Fla.), Nov. 2.—Four new cases of yellow fever are reported today. Washington, Nov. 2.—The Surgeon General has ordered food supplies sent to Detroit, Ala., for the destitute.

## A Boston Defaulter.

BOSTON, Nov. 2.—Herbert L. Critchett, of Daniels & Critchett, real estate, has disappeared, leaving a deficit in his accounts with the firm estimated at \$25,000, and \$3000 in rents collected.

## Highwayman Lynched.

CHARLESTON (W. Va.), Nov. 2.—Thomas Sayers, one of the negro highwaymen who murdered and robbed two peddlers on Sunday, was caught and lynched on Wednesday night.

## A Handcar Accident.

HOPKINS (Pa.), Nov. 2.—A handcar was derailed by a runaway train this morning. One man was killed and eight others severely wounded.

## BOILER EXPLOSION.

## Five Persons Killed and Several Others Badly Injured.

READING (Pa.), Nov. 2.—[By the Associated Press.] An accident resulting in the killing of five persons and the injuring of as many others took place this forenoon on the farm of Jonas Spayd, in this county, where a steam threshing machine was in operation. The boiler exploded and killed Irvin Dantelberger, William Reber, Joseph H. Machmer and Isaac Marberger, boys, and Joseph Spayd. The bodies of all five were hurled 50 to 60 feet and terribly mutilated. The body of Machmer was hurled clean through the weatherboarding of the barn. The building was completely wrecked. The force of the explosion was felt many miles. George Hinnerst, Sr., was badly injured and cannot recover. Another boy, Horst, has severe bruises. John Kugel is hurt internally. Minnie Baler, aged 10, is suffering from a concussion of the brain, and will die.

## EXCLUDED.

Only a Few Chinese Passengers on an Incoming Steamer. SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 2.—[By the Associated Press.] The steamer City of Sydney, which arrived from China and Japan last night, was the first vessel to leave Hong Kong after the news of the passage of the Exclusion Act reached there. The news caused considerable consternation there, and out of 110 Chinese who had previously engaged passage on the steamer for San Francisco, only five of them sailed. The steamship company cancelled the tickets of all Chinese except those who guaranteed that their return passage would be paid in case they were refused landing in the United States.

## TWO MEN SHOT.

Tragic Outcome of a Lawsuit at Fresno. FRESNO, Nov. 2.—[By the Associated Press.] At the adjournment of the afternoon session of the Superior Court in the case of Hitchcock vs. Caruthers, while the stairway was being fixed up, the defendant, Hitchcock, a witness for the defendant, Robert Sronce and shot him. Sronce ran to the foot of the stairway and fell. West Sronce, a brother of Robert, from the head of the stairs shot Mr. Hitchcock. The latter turned and several shots were exchanged. West Sronce was injured. The other two, the doctors say, are fatally injured.

## Anarchists Will Celebrate.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 2.—There are between 600 and 700 Anarchists in this city, and ten times as many Socialists. Both will commemorate the hanging of the Chicago Anarchists November 11th. The Socialists, however, will have nothing to do with the Anarchist exercises, but will be separate. The Anarchists will not parade, but will hold a "festival of sorrow." Poems will be read, songs sung, and a drama, "The Unjust Center," in which the principal part is played by the market tragedy and its consequences will have parts, will be enacted.

## In Financial Trouble.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The failure of C. W. Durant was announced on the Stock Exchange this afternoon. The failure is the outcome of the assignment of the firm of Durant, Marsh & Co. a few weeks ago. Durant, Marsh & Co. is a corporation, the president of the National Bank of Redemption, and an assignment. Liabilities are unknown. Forbes has been dealing heavily in real estate. The bank is in no way involved.

## A Generous Scheme.

ASHEVILLE (N. C.), Nov. 2.—George H. Vanderbilt has purchased 100 acres of land here and is negotiating for more, for the purpose of founding a great industrial school where poor white children may be taught how to earn a living.

## Both Legs Cut Off.

TACOMA (Wash.), Nov. 2.—Edward A. Dowden, a brakeman on the Northern Pacific, fell from a freight train last night at Buckley, and had both legs cut off by passing cars. He will recover.

## New Postoffice.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—A postoffice has been established at Calabasas, Los Angeles county, Cal., and Felix Hess has been appointed postmaster.

## DON'T WINE TO PAY.

An Insurance Policy That Will Be Fought Over. Insurance men have a big advantage over their fellow-citizens after the fire had gotten in its work, and can be sure enough to put Old Nick to shame.

## About Two Months Ago the Hotel at Idaho

was burned to the ground. The building was owned by the Southern Pacific Railroad Company and leased to E. W. Reed of this city, who owned the furniture.

## The furniture, fixtures, etc., were valued

at \$4700, and insured in the Phoenix of Hartford. At first it was believed that the fire was the work of a Chinaman in the house, and he was arrested by the Southern Pacific police, who were endeavoring to show that the fire was purely accidental, and the company dropped the matter, and steps were taken to collect the insurance.

## Mr. Reed ran against a snag in the person

of General Agent McGill of San Francisco, who flatly refused to pay the sum called for in the policy, on the ground that he believed the fire was a poor man, and he thought he could build up him.

## He offered Mr. Reed a small portion of

the \$2000, which Mr. Reed indignantly refused to accept, and informed him that he would begin legal proceedings at once.

## Mr. Reed is well fixed and in a position

to make a hard fight against the company, and he says he will fight the matter to the bitter end.

## Baseball Tomorrow.

The game of baseball to be played tomorrow at Prospect Park, between the Los Angeles and Cotton clubs, will be a hot contest. The Cotton boys are coming for the win, and the sure thing is that their defeat last Sunday was owing to an accident to their catcher, and they propose to show the Los Angeles club how to play ball. A large crowd witnessed the game last night, and the Cotton boys were victorious. The game will be played at 10 o'clock. For time of trains to Prospect Park, see amusement column.

## Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Today, Saturday, November 3d, at Benson & Rhodes' salerooms, Nos. 119 and 121 West Second street, a complete outfit of household and kitchen furniture; also, fine carpets in second hand and new. Don't fail to attend. Ben O. Rhodes, auctioneer.

## Base-Ball for Women Free.

On and after the 1st of November everything in our line at reduced rates. Sponges, chamberkins, brushes, combs, face powders, perfumes, dyes, etc., etc. You can save money by buying at McDowell's drugstore, 271 North Main street.

## Tonight is the grand Republican rally

Union League, Republican clubs, all turn out in a body to join the procession.

## ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

DRY GOODS STOCK. Tenders will be received by the undersigned at his office, room No. 31, temple block, Los Angeles, up to noon of November 10th, for the purchase of the stock and fixtures in store, 126 South Spring street, Los Angeles, subject to a future bid.

Terms cash. Notice will be shown on application to assignee.

GEORGE L. COCHRAN, Assignee.

## Excursions.

## ANOTHER DELIGHTFUL

## AUTUMN EXCURSION

—FROM—

LOS ANGELES

—TO—

HOTEL DEL CORONADO,

Round Trip Only \$3.50.

—TAKES PLACE—

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 10, AT 10 A.M.

Returning Monday, at 4 P.M.

The most charming trip ever offered from this city for \$3.50.

TICKETS AT SANTA FE OFFICES.

THE HOTEL DEL CORONADO,

San Diego County.

IS THE MOST

Remarkable and Magnificent

On the continent of America.

The climate of the peninsula, whereon this gorgeous structure stands

is both

PRESERVATIVE AND RESTORATIVE.

Residents of Los Angeles readily admit the fact that the climate is much warmer than that of Los Angeles during the winter and so balmy that people can sit outside in the evenings.

There is NO MUD AND LESS FOGS than prevail back in the country. The temperature during the winter is 5° warmer at Coronado than that of the most favored of the world-renowned Mediterranean resorts.

Rates, from \$2 per day by the month; Transients, \$3 per day and up according to room.

E. S. BABCOCK, Jr.,

Manager.

Free Gift to the Ladies.

ONE WORTH HAVING.

To Commemorate the Great Victory of 1898.

Mr. Gardiner invites all ladies visitors to and residents of Los Angeles, to call at

SANBORN, VAIL & CO'S

PICTURE GALLERY, 28 S. SPRING

ON THURSDAY, NOV. 8th, between the hours of 10 a.m. and 4 p.m., and receive

A FREE PHOTOGRAPH OF HOTEL DEL CORONADO.

The most magnificent structure and finest appointed home in the world.

These are presented FREE to the ladies, on calling for them at

39 SOUTH SPRING STREET, BETWEEN 10 A.M. AND 4 P.M.

Real Estate.

CALIFORNIA LANDS

NEAR

LOS ANGELES!

THE SIMI LAND & WATER CO.,

Los Angeles, Cal., have for sale a large body of fine fruit, farming and grazing land, well watered, and located in one of the most fertile and healthful portions of Southern California. Their other lands from \$5 to \$500 per acre, on very easy terms for actual settlers and will make special inducements to colonists. For maps, price lists and full information, send for them.

R. W. FOXDENT, Sec'y,

12 W. First St., Los Angeles.

CLADISTICS.

Trunks.

Trunks.

Trunks.

Trunks.



## BUSINESS.

By Telegraph to The Times.

**Money, Stocks and Bonds.**  
New York, Nov. 2.—Money on call easy at 2 1/2 per cent; last loan, 2 per cent; closed offered 2 per cent.  
Prime mercantile paper, 4 1/2 per cent.  
Sterling exchange, dull and steady at 4 1/2 for 60-day bills, 4 1/2 for demand.  
New York, Nov. 2.—The stock market today was dull, but showed more animation than yesterday, there being more buying for long account in the forenoon and more active operations by the bears and traders later in the day. The latter had the better of the movement in price, which left a majority of the list fractionally lower than last evening.  
Government bonds, dull but steady.

## NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

**NEW YORK, Nov. 2.**  
U. S. 4s, 107 1/2; 5s, 108 1/2; 6s, 109 1/2; 7s, 110 1/2; 8s, 111 1/2; 9s, 112 1/2; 10s, 113 1/2; 11s, 114 1/2; 12s, 115 1/2; 13s, 116 1/2; 14s, 117 1/2; 15s, 118 1/2; 16s, 119 1/2; 17s, 120 1/2; 18s, 121 1/2; 19s, 122 1/2; 20s, 123 1/2; 21s, 124 1/2; 22s, 125 1/2; 23s, 126 1/2; 24s, 127 1/2; 25s, 128 1/2; 26s, 129 1/2; 27s, 130 1/2; 28s, 131 1/2; 29s, 132 1/2; 30s, 133 1/2; 31s, 134 1/2; 32s, 135 1/2; 33s, 136 1/2; 34s, 137 1/2; 35s, 138 1/2; 36s, 139 1/2; 37s, 140 1/2; 38s, 141 1/2; 39s, 142 1/2; 40s, 143 1/2; 41s, 144 1/2; 42s, 145 1/2; 43s, 146 1/2; 44s, 147 1/2; 45s, 148 1/2; 46s, 149 1/2; 47s, 150 1/2; 48s, 151 1/2; 49s, 152 1/2; 50s, 153 1/2; 51s, 154 1/2; 52s, 155 1/2; 53s, 156 1/2; 54s, 157 1/2; 55s, 158 1/2; 56s, 159 1/2; 57s, 160 1/2; 58s, 161 1/2; 59s, 162 1/2; 60s, 163 1/2; 61s, 164 1/2; 62s, 165 1/2; 63s, 166 1/2; 64s, 167 1/2; 65s, 168 1/2; 66s, 169 1/2; 67s, 170 1/2; 68s, 171 1/2; 69s, 172 1/2; 70s, 173 1/2; 71s, 174 1/2; 72s, 175 1/2; 73s, 176 1/2; 74s, 177 1/2; 75s, 178 1/2; 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